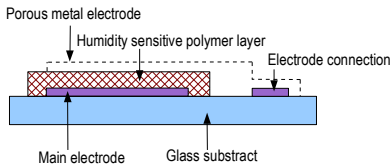


### Measurement of capacitive hygrometry

On the capacitive probes, a sensitive polymer layer reacts with the humidity present between two metal layers which cover a glass substract. Water absorption is a function of relative humidity of the surrounding environment, and modifies the dielectric constant. The measured signal is directly proportional to the relative humidity and independent on the ambient pressure.



$$C(RH) = \frac{\xi_{RH} \times \xi_0 \times A}{d}$$

- C Capacity of relative humidity sensor
- $\xi_{RH}$  Relative dielectric permittivity, humidity dependent
- $\xi_0$  Void permittivity
- A Electrodes area
- d Electrodes spacing
- HR Relative humidity

### Semiconductor temperature sensor

The direct tension of a silicon diode is dependent on the temperature, in accordance with the following equation :

$$V_{BE} = V_{G0}(1-T/T_0) + V_{BE0}(T/T_0) + (nKT/q) \ln(T_0/T) + (KT/q) \ln(IC/IC_0)$$

- T = Temperature in Kelvin
- $V_{G0}$  = Voltage of the band gap at the absolute zero
- $V_{BE0}$  = Voltage of the band gap at  $T_0$  and  $IC_0$
- K = Boltzmann constant
- q = charge of an electron
- n = Dependent constant of the instrument

- mm
- Ø 13 mm, lg. 110
- (ref : ST 110)

**CQ 15 :**

가

**RTE :**

1M, 90

**MT 51 : ABS**

(02-338-0023)

1

가

(02-338-0023)

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